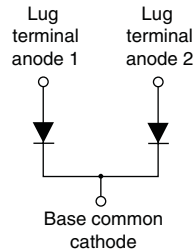


## Schottky Rectifier, 400 A



TO-244



### FEATURES

- 175 °C  $T_J$  operation
- Center tap module
- Low forward voltage drop
- High frequency operation
- Guard ring for enhanced ruggedness and long term reliability
- Lead (Pb)-free
- Designed and qualified for industrial level



### PRODUCT SUMMARY

$I_{F(AV)}$	400 A
$V_R$	135/150 V

### DESCRIPTION

The 409CNQ... center tap Schottky rectifier module series has been optimized for low reverse leakage at high temperature. The proprietary barrier technology allows for reliable operation up to 175 °C junction temperature. Typical applications are in high current switching power supplies, plating power supplies, UPS systems, converters, freewheeling diodes, welding, and reverse battery protection.

### MAJOR RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	VALUES	UNITS
$I_{F(AV)}$	Rectangular waveform	400	A
$V_{RRM}$	Range	135/150	V
$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 5 \mu s$ sine	20 000	A
$V_F$	200 Apk, $T_J = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (per leg)	0.75	V
$T_J$	Range	- 55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$

### VOLTAGE RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	409CNQ135PbF	409CNQ150PbF	UNITS
Maximum DC reverse voltage	$V_R$	135	150	V
Maximum working peak reverse voltage	$V_{RWM}$			

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		VALUES	UNITS
Maximum average forward current See fig. 5	$I_{F(AV)}$	50 % duty cycle at $T_C = 129 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , rectangular waveform		200	A
				400	
Maximum peak one cycle non-repetitive surge current per leg See fig. 7	$I_{FSM}$	5 $\mu s$ sine or 3 $\mu s$ rect. pulse	Following any rated load condition and with rated $V_{RRM}$ applied	20 000	A
		10 ms sine or 6 ms rect. pulse		2300	
Non-repetitive avalanche energy per leg	$E_{AS}$	$T_J = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{AS} = 5.5 \text{ A}$ , $L = 1 \text{ mH}$		15	mJ
Repetitive avalanche current per leg	$I_{AR}$	Current decaying linearly to zero in 1 $\mu s$ Frequency limited by $T_J$ maximum $V_A = 1.5 \times V_R$ typical		1	A

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		VALUES	UNITS
Maximum forward voltage drop per leg See fig. 1	$V_{FM}^{(1)}$	200 A	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1.13	V
		400 A		1.46	
		200 A	$T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.75	
		400 A		0.89	
Maximum reverse leakage current per leg See fig. 2	$I_{RM}^{(1)}$	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = \text{Rated } V_R$	6	mA
		$T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		85	
Maximum junction capacitance per leg	$C_T$	$V_R = 5 V_{DC}$ (test signal range 100 kHz to 1 MHz) $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		6000	pF
Typical series inductance per leg	$L_S$	From top of terminal hole to mounting plane		5.0	nH
Maximum voltage rate of change	dV/dt	Rated $V_R$		10 000	V/ $\mu$ s

**Note**

(1) Pulse width < 300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle < 2 %

THERMAL - MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Maximum junction and storage temperature range	$T_J, T_{Stg}$	- 55	-	175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal resistance, junction to case per leg	$R_{thJC}$	-	-	0.19	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Thermal resistance, junction to case per module		-	-	0.095	
Thermal resistance, case to heatsink	$R_{thCS}$	-	0.10	-	
Weight		-	68	-	g
		-	2.4	-	oz.
Mounting torque		35.4 (4)		53.1 (6)	lbf · in (N · m)
Mounting torque center hole		30 (3.4)		40 (4.6)	
Terminal torque		30 (3.4)	-	44.2 (5)	
Vertical pull		-	-	80	lbf · in
2" lever pull		-	-	35	

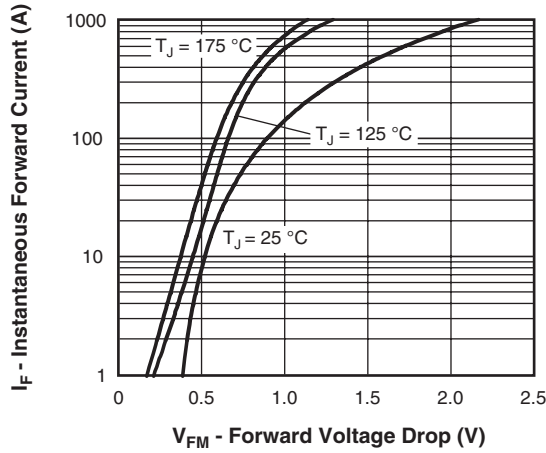


Fig. 1 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics

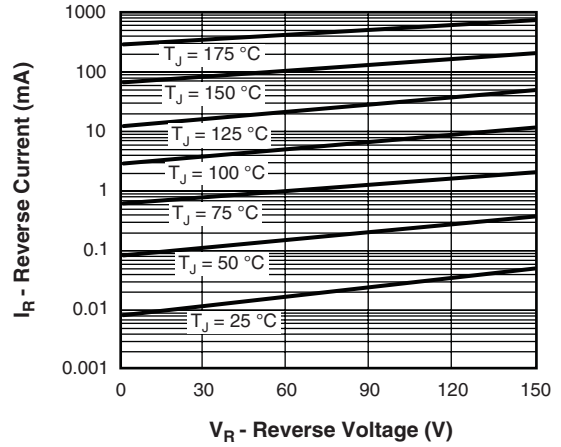


Fig. 2 - Typical Values of Reverse Current vs. Reverse Voltage

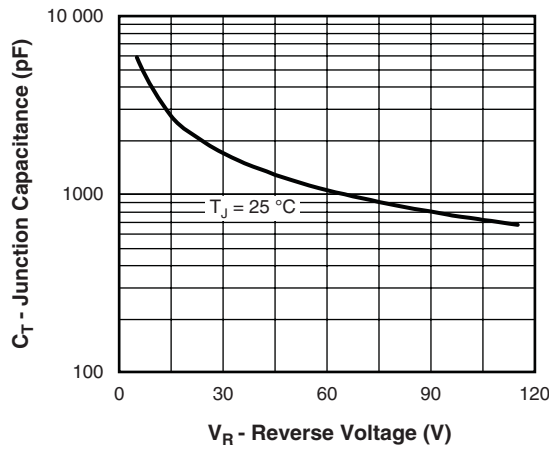


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

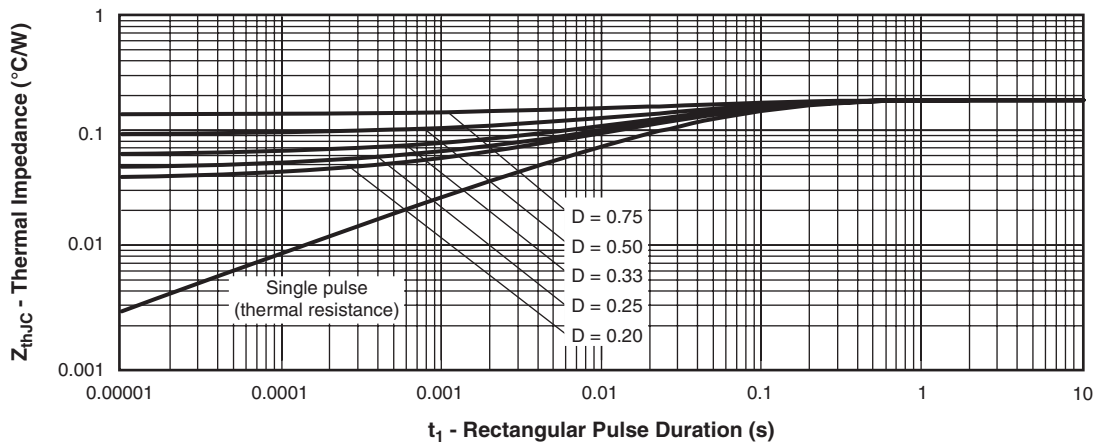


Fig. 4 - Maximum Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics

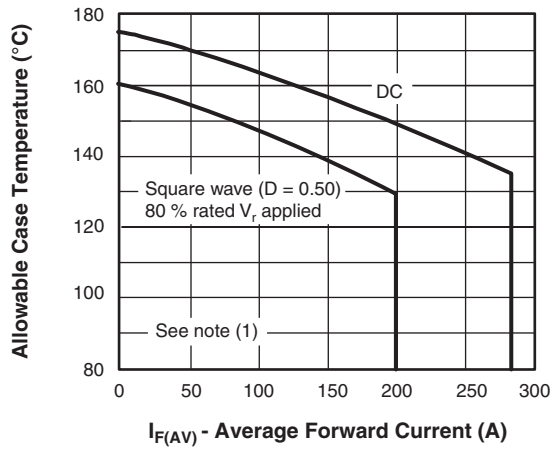


Fig. 5 - Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs. Average Forward Current

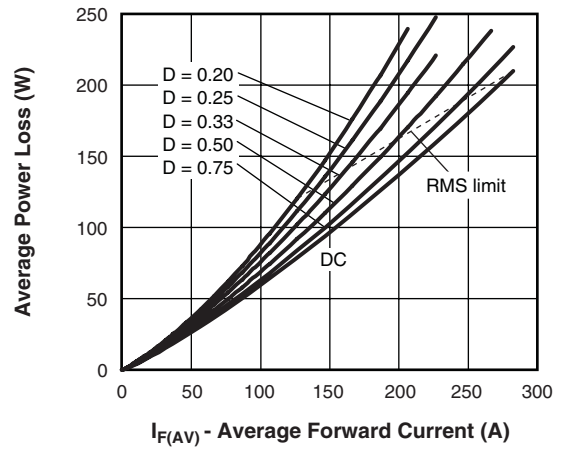


Fig. 6 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

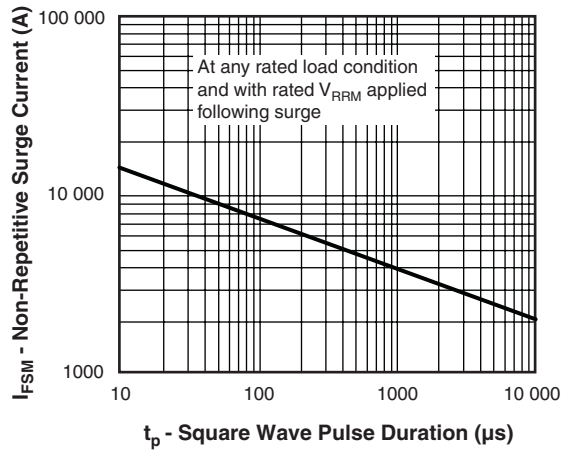


Fig. 7 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current



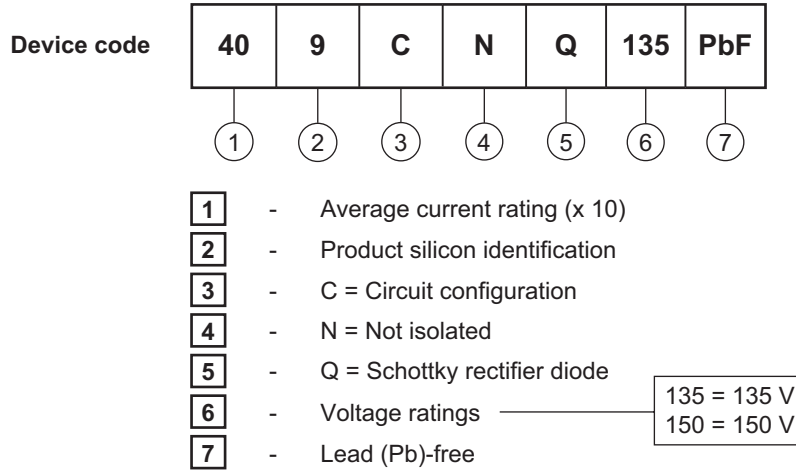
Fig. 8 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

**Note**

- (9) Formula used:  $T_C = T_J - (P_d + P_{d_{REV}}) \times R_{thJC}$ ;  
 $P_d$  = Forward power loss =  $I_{F(AV)} \times V_{FM}$  at  $(I_{F(AV)}/D)$  (see fig. 6);  
 $P_{d_{REV}}$  = Inverse power loss =  $V_{R1} \times I_R (1 - D)$ ;  $I_R$  at  $V_{R1}$  = Rated  $V_R$



**ORDERING INFORMATION TABLE**



LINKS TO RELATED DOCUMENTS	
Dimensions	<a href="http://www.vishay.com/doc?95021">http://www.vishay.com/doc?95021</a>



## Disclaimer

All product specifications and data are subject to change without notice.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained herein or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay disclaims any and all liability arising out of the use or application of any product described herein or of any information provided herein to the maximum extent permitted by law. The product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein, which apply to these products.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications unless otherwise expressly indicated. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so entirely at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Vishay for any damages arising or resulting from such use or sale. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.